

```

val put                = 1;
val get                = 2;

val instream          = 0;
val messagestream    = 0;
val binstream        = 2 << 8;

val EOF               = 255;

| tree node field selectors |
val t_op              = 0;
val t_op1            = 1;
val t_op2            = 2;
val t_op3            = 3;

| symbols |
val s_null           = 0;
val s_name           = 1;
val s_number         = 2;
val s_lbracket        = 3;
val s_rbracket        = 4;
val s_lparen          = 6;
val s_rparen          = 7;

val s_fncall          = 8;
val s_pcall           = 9;
val s_if              = 10;
val s_then           = 11;
val s_else           = 12;
val s_while          = 13;
val s_do              = 14;
val s_ass             = 15;
val s_skip            = 16;
val s_begin           = 17;
val s_end             = 18;
val s_semicolon       = 19;
val s_comma           = 20;
val s_var             = 21;
val s_array           = 22;
val s_body            = 23;
val s_proc            = 24;
val s_func            = 25;
val s_is              = 26;
val s_stop            = 27;

val s_not             = 32;
val s_neg             = 34;
val s_val             = 35;

```

<code>val <i>s_string</i></code>	<code>= 36;</code>
<code>val <i>s_true</i></code>	<code>= 42;</code>
<code>val <i>s_false</i></code>	<code>= 43;</code>
<code>val <i>s_return</i></code>	<code>= 44;</code>
<code>val <i>s_endfile</i></code>	<code>= 60;</code>
<code>val <i>s_diadic</i></code>	<code>= 64;</code>
<code>val <i>s_plus</i></code>	<code>= <i>s_diadic</i> + 0;</code>
<code>val <i>s_minus</i></code>	<code>= <i>s_diadic</i> + 1;</code>
<code>val <i>s_mult</i></code>	<code>= <i>s_diadic</i> + 2;</code>
<code>val <i>s_or</i></code>	<code>= <i>s_diadic</i> + 5;</code>
<code>val <i>s_and</i></code>	<code>= <i>s_diadic</i> + 6;</code>
<code>val <i>s_xor</i></code>	<code>= <i>s_diadic</i> + 7;</code>
<code>val <i>s_lshift</i></code>	<code>= <i>s_diadic</i> + 8;</code>
<code>val <i>s_rshift</i></code>	<code>= <i>s_diadic</i> + 9;</code>
<code>val <i>s_eq</i></code>	<code>= <i>s_diadic</i> + 10;</code>
<code>val <i>s_ne</i></code>	<code>= <i>s_diadic</i> + 11;</code>
<code>val <i>s_ls</i></code>	<code>= <i>s_diadic</i> + 12;</code>
<code>val <i>s_le</i></code>	<code>= <i>s_diadic</i> + 13;</code>
<code>val <i>s_gr</i></code>	<code>= <i>s_diadic</i> + 14;</code>
<code>val <i>s_ge</i></code>	<code>= <i>s_diadic</i> + 15;</code>
<code>val <i>s_sub</i></code>	<code>= <i>s_diadic</i> + 16;</code>
 <code> thumb instruction codes </code>	
<code>val <i>i_asr3i</i></code>	<code>= 2₁₆;</code>
<code>val <i>i_ldr3i</i></code>	<code>= D₁₆;</code>
<code>val <i>i_lsl3i</i></code>	<code>= 0₁₆;</code>
<code>val <i>i_lsr3i</i></code>	<code>= 1₁₆;</code>
<code>val <i>i_str3i</i></code>	<code>= C₁₆;</code>
<code>val <i>i_add3</i></code>	<code>= C₁₆;</code>
<code>val <i>i_ldr3</i></code>	<code>= 2C₁₆;</code>
<code>val <i>i_str3</i></code>	<code>= 28₁₆;</code>
<code>val <i>i_sub3</i></code>	<code>= D₁₆;</code>
<code>val <i>i_add2i</i></code>	<code>= 6₁₆;</code>
<code>val <i>i_addpci</i></code>	<code>= 14₁₆;</code>
<code>val <i>i_addspi</i></code>	<code>= 15₁₆;</code>
<code>val <i>i_ldrpci</i></code>	<code>= 9₁₆;</code>
<code>val <i>i_ldrspi</i></code>	<code>= 13₁₆;</code>
<code>val <i>i_mov2i</i></code>	<code>= 4₁₆;</code>
<code>val <i>i_strspi</i></code>	<code>= 12₁₆;</code>
<code>val <i>i_sub2i</i></code>	<code>= 7₁₆;</code>

```

val i_setsp           = 8D16;

val i_incspi         = 16016;
val i_decspi         = 16116;

val i_and2           = 016;
val i_eor2           = 116;
val i_lsl2           = 216;
val i_lsr2           = 316;
val i_mul2           = D16;
val i_mvn2           = F16;
val i_neg2           = 916;
val i_orr2           = C16;

val i_bc             = D16;
val i_beq            = (i_bc << 4) ∨ 016;
val i_bne            = (i_bc << 4) ∨ 116;
val i_blt            = (i_bc << 4) ∨ D16;
val i_bge            = (i_bc << 4) ∨ A16;

val i_bu             = 1C16;
val i_bl1            = 1E16;
val i_bl2            = 1F16;

val i_bl             = 8F16;

val i_pushl          = B516;
val i_popl           = BD16;

val i_svc            = DF16;

val bytesperword     = 4;

| lexical analyser |
val linemax          = 200;
val nametablesize    = 128;
array nametable[nametablesize];
val nil              = 0;
val hashmask         = 127;

var outstream;

val treemax          = 25000;
array tree[treemax];
var treep;
var namenode;
var nullnode;
var numval;
var symbol;

```

```

array wordv[100];
var wordp;
var wordsize;

array charv[100];
var charp;
var ch;

array linev[linemax];
var linep;
var linelength;
var linecount;

| name scoping stack |
array names_d[500];
array names_v[500];
var namep;
var nameb;

var arrayspace;
var arraycount;
var codesize;
var procdef;
var proclabel;

var stackp;
var stk_max;
| constants, strings and labels |
array consts[500];
var constp;
var constb;

array strings[1000];
var stringp;
var stringb;

val labval_size          = 1000;
array labval[labval_size];
var labelcount;

val cb_size              = 10000;

| code buffer flags |
val cbf_inst              = 1;
val cbf_blkstrt          = 2;
val cbf_blkend           = 3;
val cbf_cbrfwd           = 4;
val cbf_cbrback          = 5;

```

```

val cbf_br fwd           = 6;
val cbf_brback          = 7;
val cbf_call             = 8;
val cbf_lab              = 9;
val cbf_prog             = 10;
val cbf_const            = 11;
val cbf_string          = 12;
val cbf_entry            = 13;
val cbf_exit             = 14;
val cbf_tcall            = 15;

```

```

| code buffer variables |
array codebuffer[cb_size];
var cb_bufferp;
var cb_loadbase;
var cb_entryinstp;
var cb_blockstart;
var cb_loadpoint;
var cb_conststart;
var cb_stringstart;
var inblock;
var bytesout;
var checksum;

```

```

val maxaddr              = 200000;

```

```

proc main() is
  var t;
  { selectoutput(messagestream)
  ; t := formtree()
  ; prints("tree size : ")
  ; printn(treep)
  ; newline()
  ; translate(t)
  ; prints("program size : ")
  ; printn(codesize × 2)
  ; newline()
  ; prints("size : ")
  ; printn((codesize × 2) + (arrayspace × 4))
  ; newline()
  }

```

```

proc selectoutput(val c) is
  ostream := c

```

```

proc putval(val c) is
  put(c, ostream)

```

```

proc newline() is
  putval('\\n')

```

```

func div(val n, val m) is
  var i;
  var j;
  var b;
  var r;
  { i := m
  ; j := n
  ; b := 1
  ; r := 0
  ; while i < n do
    { i := i << 1
    ; b := b << 1
    }
  ; while b > 0 do
    { if j ≥ i
      then
        { r := r ∨ b
        ; j := j − i
        }
      else
        skip
    ; i := i >> 1
    ; b := b >> 1
    }
  ; return r
}

```

```

func rem(val n, val m) is
  return n − (div(n, m) × m)

```

```

func packstring(array s, array v) is
var n;
var si;
var vi;
var w;
var b;
{
  n := s[0]
;  si := 0
;  vi := 0
;  b := 0
;  w := 0
;  while si ≤ n do
    {
      w := w ∨ (s[si] ≪ (b ≪ 3))
;     b := b + 1
;     if b = bytesperword
      then
        {
          v[vi] := w
;          vi := vi + 1
;          w := 0
;          b := 0
        }
      else
        skip
;     si := si + 1
    }
;  if b = 0
  then
    vi := vi − 1
  else
    v[vi] := w
;  return vi
}

```

```

proc unpackstring(array s, array v) is
var si;
var vi;
var b;
var w;
var n;
{ si := 0
; vi := 0
; b := 0
; w := s[0]
; n := w  $\wedge$  255
; while vi  $\leq$  n do
{ v[vi] := w  $\wedge$  255
; w := w  $\gg$  8
; vi := vi + 1
; b := b + 1
; if b = bytesperword
then
{ b := 0
; si := si + 1
; w := s[si]
}
else
skip
}
}

```

```

proc prints(array s) is
  var n;
  var p;
  var w;
  var l;
  var b;
  { n := 1
    ; p := 0
    ; w := s[p]
    ; l := w ∧ 255
    ; w := w ≫ 8
    ; b := 1
    ; while n ≤ l do
      { putval(w ∧ 255)
        ; w := w ≫ 8
        ; n := n + 1
        ; b := b + 1
        ; if b = bytesperword
          then
            { b := 0
              ; p := p + 1
              ; w := s[p]
            }
          else
            skip
        }
      }
  }

```

```

proc printn(val n) is
  if n < 0
  then
    { putval('−')
      ; printn(− n)
    }
  else
    { if n > 9
      then
        printn(div(n, 10))
      else
        skip
      ; putval(rem(n, 10) + '0')
    }
  }

```

```

proc printhex(val n) is
var d;
{ if (n  $\wedge$  ( $\sim$  15)) = 0
  then
    skip
  else
    printhex(n  $\gg$  4)
; d := n  $\wedge$  15
; if d < 10
  then
    putval(d + '0')
  else
    putval((d - 10) + 'a')
}

```

```

func formtree() is
var i;
var t;
{ linep := 0
; wordp := 0
; charp := 0
; treep := 1
; i := 0
; while i < nametablessize do
  { nametable[i] := nil
; i := i + 1
}
; declsyswords()
; nullnode := cons1(s_null)
; linecount := 0
; rdline()
; rch()
; nextsymbol()
; if (symbol = s_var)  $\vee$  (symbol = s_val)  $\vee$  (symbol = s_array)
  then
    t := rgdecls()
  else
    t := nullnode
; return cons3(s_body, t, rprocdecls())
}

```

```

proc cmperror(array s) is
{ prints("error near line ")
; printn(linecount)
; prints(": ")
; prints(s)
; newline()
}

```

```

| tree node constructors |
func newvec(val n) is
var t;
{ t := treep
; treep := treep + n
; if treep > treemax
then
    cmperror("out of space")
else
    skip
; return t
}

```

```

func cons1(val op) is
var t;
{ t := newvec(1)
; tree[t] := op
; return t
}

```

```

func cons2(val op, val t1) is
var t;
{ t := newvec(2)
; tree[t] := op
; tree[t + 1] := t1
; return t
}

```

```

func cons3(val op, val t1, val t2) is
var t;
{ t := newvec(3)
; tree[t] := op
; tree[t + 1] := t1
; tree[t + 2] := t2
; return t
}

```

```
func cons4(val op, val t1, val t2, val t3) is
var t;
{ t := newvec(4)
; tree[t] := op
; tree[t + 1] := t1
; tree[t + 2] := t2
; tree[t + 3] := t3
; return t
}
```

```

| name table lookup |
func lookupword() is
var a;
var hashval;
var i;
var stype;
var found;
var searching;
{ a := wordv[0]
; hashval := (a + (a >> 3) + (wordv[wordsize] << 2)) ∧ hashmask
; namenode := nametable[hashval]
; found := false
; searching := true
; while searching do
    if namenode = nil
    then
        { found := false
        ; searching := false
        }
    else
        { i := 0
        ; while (i ≤ wordsize) ∧ (tree[namenode + i + 2] = wordv[i]) do
            i := i + 1
        ; if i ≤ wordsize
            then
                namenode := tree[namenode + 1]
            else
                { stype := tree[namenode]
                ; found := true
                ; searching := false
                }
        }
; if found
then
    skip
else
    { namenode := newvec(wordsize + 3)
    ; tree[namenode] := s_name
    ; tree[namenode + 1] := nametable[hashval]
    ; i := 0
    ; while i ≤ wordsize do
        { tree[namenode + i + 2] := wordv[i]
        ; i := i + 1
        }
    ; nametable[hashval] := namenode
    ; stype := s_name
    }
; return stype

```

```

}

proc declare(array s, val item) is
{  unpackstring(s, charv)
;  wordsize := packstring(charv, wordv)
;  lookupword()
;  tree[namenode] := item
}

```

```

proc declsyswords() is
{  declare("and", s_and)
;  declare("array", s_array)
;  declare("do", s_do)
;  declare("else", s_else)
;  declare("false", s_false)
;  declare("func", s_func)
;  declare("if", s_if)
;  declare("is", s_is)
;  declare("or", s_or)
;  declare("proc", s_proc)
;  declare("return", s_return)
;  declare("skip", s_skip)
;  declare("stop", s_stop)
;  declare("then", s_then)
;  declare("true", s_true)
;  declare("val", s_val)
;  declare("var", s_var)
;  declare("while", s_while)
;  declare("xor", s_xor)
}

```

```

func getchar() is
    return get(instream)

```

```

proc rdline() is
{ linelength := 1
; linep := 1
; linecount := linecount + 1
; ch := getchar()
; linev[linelength] := ch
; while (ch ≠ '\n') ∧ (ch ≠ EOF) ∧ (linelength < linemax) do
{ ch := getchar()
; linelength := linelength + 1
; linev[linelength] := ch
}
}

```

```

proc rch() is
{ if linep > linelength
then
rdline()
else
skip
; ch := linev[linep]
; linep := linep + 1
}

```

```

proc rdtag() is
{ charp := 0
; while ((ch ≥ 'A') ∧ (ch ≤ 'Z')) ∨ ((ch ≥ 'a') ∧ (ch ≤ 'z')) ∨ ((ch ≥ '0') ∧ (ch ≤ '9')) ∨ (ch = '_'
{ charp := charp + 1
; charv[charp] := ch
; rch()
}
; charv[0] := charp
; wordsize := packstring(charv, wordv)
}

```

```

proc readnumber(val base) is
var d;
{ d := value(ch)
; numval := 0
; if d ≥ base
then
    cmperror("error in number")
else
    while d < base do
    { numval := (numval × base) + d
    ; rch()
    ; d := value(ch)
    }
}

```

```

func value(val c) is
    if (c ≥ '0') ∧ (c ≤ '9')
    then
        return c − '0'
    else
        if (c ≥ 'A') ∧ (c ≤ 'Z')
        then
            return (c + 10) − 'A'
        else
            return 500

```

```

func readcharco() is
var v;
{ if ch = '\
  then
    { rch()
    ; if ch = '\
      then
        v := '\
      else
        if ch = '\"
        then
          v := '\"
        else
          if ch = '\"
          then
            v := '\"
          else
            if ch = 'n'
            then
              v := '\n'
            else
              if ch = 'r'
              then
                v := '\r'
            else
              cmperror("error in character constant")
          }
        else
          v := ch
      ; rch()
      ; return v
    }
}

```

```

proc readstring() is
var charc;
{ charp := 0
; while ch ≠ ‘\’ do
  { if charp = 255
    then
      cmperror(“error in string constant”)
    else
      skip
    ; charc := readcharco()
    ; charp := charp + 1
    ; charv[charp] := charc
  }
; charv[0] := charp
; wordsize := packstring(charv, wordv)
}

```

```

| lexical analyser main procedure |
proc nextsymbol() is
{ while (ch = '\n') ∨ (ch = '\r') ∨ (ch = ' ') do
    rch()
; if ch = '|'
    then
    { rch()
    ; while ch ≠ '|' do
        rch()
    ; rch()
    ; nextsymbol()
    }
    else
    if ((ch ≥ 'A') ∧ (ch ≤ 'Z')) ∨ ((ch ≥ 'a') ∧ (ch ≤ 'z'))
    then
    { rdtag()
    ; symbol := lookupword()
    }
    else
    if (ch ≥ '0') ∧ (ch ≤ '9')
    then
    { symbol := s_number
    ; readnumber(10)
    }
    else
    if ch = '#'
    then
    { rch()
    ; symbol := s_number
    ; readnumber(16)
    }
    else
    if ch = '['
    then
    { rch()
    ; symbol := s_lbracket
    }
    else
    if ch = ']'
    then
    { rch()
    ; symbol := s_rbracket
    }
    else
    if ch = '('
    then
    { rch()
    ; symbol := s_lparen

```

```

}
else
if ch = ')'
then
{ rch()
; symbol := s_rparen
}
else
if ch = '{'
then
{ rch()
; symbol := s_begin
}
else
if ch = '}'
then
{ rch()
; symbol := s_end
}
else
if ch = ';'
then
{ rch()
; symbol := s_semicolon
}
else
if ch = ','
then
{ rch()
; symbol := s_comma
}
else
if ch = '+'
then
{ rch()
; symbol := s_plus
}
else
if ch = '-'
then
{ rch()
; symbol := s_minus
}
else
if ch = '*'
then
{ rch()
; symbol := s_mult
}

```

```

else
if  $ch = '='$ 
then
{  $rch()$ 
;  $symbol := s_{eq}$ 
}
else
if  $ch = '<'$ 
then
{  $rch()$ 
; if  $ch = '='$ 
then
{  $rch()$ 
;  $symbol := s_{le}$ 
}
else
if  $ch = '<'$ 
then
{  $rch()$ 
;  $symbol := s_{lshift}$ 
}
else
 $symbol := s_{ls}$ 
}
else
if  $ch = '>'$ 
then
{  $rch()$ 
; if  $ch = '='$ 
then
{  $rch()$ 
;  $symbol := s_{ge}$ 
}
else
if  $ch = '>'$ 
then
{  $rch()$ 
;  $symbol := s_{rshift}$ 
}
else
 $symbol := s_{gr}$ 
}
else
if  $ch = '\sim'$ 
then
{  $rch()$ 
; if  $ch = '='$ 
then
{  $rch()$ 

```

```

    ; symbol := s_ne
  }
  else
    symbol := s_not
  }
  else
  if ch = ':'
  then
  { rch()
  ; if ch = '='
    then
    { rch()
    ; symbol := s_ass
    }
  else
    cmperror("\'=\' expected")
  }
  else
  if ch = '\'
  then
  { rch()
  ; numval := readcharco()
  ; if ch = '\'
    then
      rch()
    else
      cmperror("error in character constant")
  ; symbol := s_number
  }
  else
  if ch = '\"
  then
  { rch()
  ; readstring()
  ; if ch = '\"
    then
      rch()
    else
      cmperror("error in string constant")
  ; symbol := s_string
  }
  else
  if ch = EOF
  then
    symbol := s_endfile
  else
    cmperror("illegal character")
}

```

```

| syntax analyser |
proc checkfor(val s, array m) is
  if symbol = s
  then
    nextsymbol()
  else
    cmperror(m)

func rname() is
var a;
{ if symbol = s_name
  then
    { a := namenode
      ; nextsymbol()
    }
  else
    cmperror("name expected")
; return a
}

```

```

func relement() is
var a;
var b;
var i;
{ if symbol = s_name
  then
    { a := rname()
      ; if symbol = s_lbracket
        then
          { nextsymbol()
            ; b := rexpression()
            ; checkfor(s_rbracket, “\’\’ expected”)
            ; a := cons3(s_sub, a, b)
          }
        else
          if symbol = s_lparen
          then
            { nextsymbol()
              ; if symbol = s_rparen
                then
                  b := nullnode
                else
                  b := rexplist()
              ; checkfor(s_rparen, “\’\’ expected”)
              ; a := cons3(s_fncall, a, b)
            }
          else
            skip
        }
      else
        if symbol = s_number
        then
          { a := cons2(s_number, numval)
            ; nextsymbol()
          }
        else
          if (symbol = s_true)  $\vee$  (symbol = s_false)
          then
            { a := namenode
              ; nextsymbol()
            }
          else
            if symbol = s_string
            then
              { a := newvec(wordsize + 2)
                ; tree[a + t_op] := s_string
                ; i := 0
                ; while i  $\leq$  wordsize do

```

```

    { tree[a + i + 1] := wordv[i]
    ; i := i + 1
    }
; nextsymbol()
}
else
if symbol = s_lparen
then
{ nextsymbol()
; a := reexpression()
; checkfor(s_rparen, “\’)\’ expected”)
}
else
    cmperror(“error in expression”)
; return a
}

```

```

func reexpression() is
var a;
var b;
var s;
if symbol = s_minus
then
{ nextsymbol()
; b := relement()
; return cons2(s_neg, b)
}
else
if symbol = s_not
then
{ nextsymbol()
; b := relement()
; return cons2(s_not, b)
}
else
{ a := relement()
; if (symbol  $\wedge$  s_diadic)  $\neq$  0
then
{ s := symbol
; nextsymbol()
; return cons3(s, a, rright(s))
}
else
    return a
}
}

```

```

func rright(val s) is
  var b;
  { b := relement()
  ; if associative(s)  $\wedge$  (symbol = s)
    then
      { nextsymbol()
      ; return cons3(s, b, rright(s))
      }
    else
      return b
  }

func associative(val s) is
  return (s = s_and)  $\vee$  (s = s_or)  $\vee$  (s = s_xor)  $\vee$  (s = s_plus)  $\vee$  (s = s_mult)

func rexplist() is
  var a;
  { a := rexpression()
  ; if symbol = s_comma
    then
      { nextsymbol()
      ; return cons3(s_comma, a, rexplist())
      }
    else
      return a
  }

```

```

func rstatement() is
var a;
var b;
var c;
  if symbol = s_skip
  then
    { nextsymbol()
    ; return cons1(s_skip)
    }
  else
    if symbol = s_stop
    then
      { nextsymbol()
      ; return cons1(s_stop)
      }
    else
      if symbol = s_return
      then
        { nextsymbol()
        ; return cons2(s_return, rexpression())
        }
      else
        if symbol = s_if
        then
          { nextsymbol()
          ; a := rexpression()
          ; checkfor(s_then, “\’then\’ expected”)
          ; b := rstatement()
          ; checkfor(s_else, “\’else\’ expected”)
          ; c := rstatement()
          ; return cons4(s_if, a, b, c)
          }
        else
          if symbol = s_while
          then
            { nextsymbol()
            ; a := rexpression()
            ; checkfor(s_do, “\’do\’ expected”)
            ; b := rstatement()
            ; return cons3(s_while, a, b)
            }
          else
            if symbol = s_begin
            then
              { nextsymbol()
              ; a := rstatements()
              ; checkfor(s_end, “\’}\’ expected”)
              ; return a

```

```

}
else
if symbol = s_name
then
{ a := relement()
; if tree[a + t_op] = s_fncall
then
{ tree[a + t_op] := s_pcall
; return a
}
else
{ checkfor(s_ass, “\’:= \’ expected”)
; return cons3(s_ass, a, rexpression())
}
}
else
{ cmperror(“error in command”)
; return cons1(s_stop)
}

func rstatements() is
var a;
{ a := rstatement()
; if symbol = s_semicolon
then
{ nextsymbol()
; return cons3(s_semicolon, a, rstatements())
}
else
return a
}

func rprocdecls() is
var a;
{ a := rprocdecl()
; if (symbol = s_proc) ∨ (symbol = s_func)
then
return cons3(s_semicolon, a, rprocdecls())
else
return a
}

```

```

func rprocdecl() is
var s;
var a;
var b;
var c;
{ s := symbol
; nextsymbol()
; a := rname()
; checkfor(s_lparen, “\’\’ expected”)
; if symbol = s_rparen
  then
    b := nullnode
  else
    b := rformals()
; checkfor(s_rparen, “\’\’ expected”)
; checkfor(s_is, “\’is\’ expected”)
; if (symbol = s_var)  $\vee$  (symbol = s_val)
  then
    c := rldecls()
  else
    c := nullnode
; c := cons3(s_body, c, rstatement())
; return cons4(s, a, b, c)
}

```

```

func rformals() is
var s;
var a;
var b;
{ if (symbol = s_val)  $\vee$  (symbol = s_array)  $\vee$  (symbol = s_proc)
  then
    { s := symbol
      ; nextsymbol()
      ; if symbol = s_name
        then
          a := cons2(s, rname())
        else
          cmperror("name expected")
      }
    else
      skip
  ; if symbol = s_comma
    then
      { nextsymbol()
        ; b := rformals()
        ; return cons3(s_comma, a, b)
      }
    else
      return a
  }
}

```

```

func rgdecls() is
var a;
{ a := rdecl()
  ; if (symbol = s_val)  $\vee$  (symbol = s_var)  $\vee$  (symbol = s_array)
    then
      return cons3(s_semicolon, a, rgdecls())
    else
      return a
  }
}

```

```

func rldecls() is
var a;
{ a := rdecl()
  ; if (symbol = s_val)  $\vee$  (symbol = s_var)
    then
      return cons3(s_semicolon, a, rldecls())
    else
      return a
  }
}

```

```

func rdecl() is
var a;
var b;
{ if symbol = s_var
  then
    { nextsymbol()
      ; a := cons2(s_var, rname())
    }
  else
    if symbol = s_array
    then
      { nextsymbol()
        ; a := rname()
        ; checkfor(s_lbracket, “\’[\' expected”)
        ; b := rexpression()
        ; checkfor(s_rbracket, “\’]\' expected”)
        ; a := cons3(s_array, a, b)
      }
    else
      if symbol = s_val
      then
        { nextsymbol()
          ; a := rname()
          ; checkfor(s_eq, “\’= \’ expected”)
          ; b := rexpression()
          ; a := cons3(s_val, a, b)
        }
      else
        skip
    ; checkfor(s_semicolon, “\’; \’ expected”)
    ; return a
  }
}

```

```

proc namemessage(array s, val x) is
var n;
var p;
var w;
var l;
var b;
{ prints(s)
; if tree[x + t_op] = s_name
  then
    { n := 1
    ; p := 2
    ; w := tree[x + p]
    ; l := w  $\wedge$  255
    ; w := w  $\gg$  8
    ; b := 1
    ; while n  $\leq$  l do
      { putval(w  $\wedge$  255)
      ; w := w  $\gg$  8
      ; n := n + 1
      ; b := b + 1
      ; if b = bytesperword
        then
          { b := 0
          ; p := p + 1
          ; w := tree[x + p]
          }
        else
          skip
      }
    }
  }
else
  skip
; newline()
}

```

```

proc genererror(array s) is
{ prints(s)
; newline()
; namemessage("in function ", tree[procdef + t_op1])
}

```

```

| translator |
proc declprocs(val x) is
  if tree[x + t_op] = s_semicolon
  then
    { declprocs(tree[x + t_op1])
      ; declprocs(tree[x + t_op2])
    }
  else
    addname(x, getlabel())

```

```

proc declformals(val x) is
  var op;
  { op := tree[x + t_op]
    ; if op = s_null
      then
        skip
      else
        if op = s_comma
        then
          { declformals(tree[x + t_op1])
            ; declformals(tree[x + t_op2])
          }
        else
          { if op = s_val
            then
              tree[x + t_op] := s_var
            else
              skip
            ; addname(x, stackp)
            ; stackp := stackp + 1
          }
  }
}

```

```

proc tformals(val x) is
var op;
{ op := tree[x + t_op]
; if op = s_null
  then
    skip
  else
    if op = s_comma
    then
      { tformals(tree[x + t_op1])
      ; tformals(tree[x + t_op2])
      }
    else
      { gen2i(i_strspi, stackp, stackp)
      ; stackp := stackp + 1
      }
}

```

```

proc declglobals(val x) is
var op;
{ op := tree[x + t_op]
; if op = s_semicolon
  then
    { declglobals(tree[x + t_op1])
    ; declglobals(tree[x + t_op2])
    }
  else
    if op = s_var
    then
      { addname(x, stackp)
      ; stackp := stackp + 1
      }
    else
      if op = s_val
      then
        { tree[x + t_op2] := optimiseexpr(tree[x + t_op2])
        ; if isval(tree[x + t_op2])
          then
            addname(x, getval(tree[x + t_op2]))
          else
            genererror("constant expression expected")
        }
      else
        if op = s_array
        then
          { tree[x + t_op2] := optimiseexpr(tree[x + t_op2])
          ; if isval(tree[x + t_op2])
            then
              { arrayspace := arrayspace + getval(tree[x + t_op2])
              ; addname(x, stackp)
              ; stackp := stackp + 1
              }
            else
              genererror("constant expression expected")
          }
        else
          skip
        }
}

```

```

proc tglobals() is
var g;
var arraybase;
var name;
{ g := 0
; arraybase := maxaddr - (arrayspace  $\ll$  2)
; loadconst(7, arraybase - (stackp  $\ll$  2))
; gensetsp(7)
; while g < namep do
  { name := names_d[g]
  ; if tree[name + t_op] = s_array
    then
      { loadconst(0, arraybase)
      ; gen2i(i_strspi, 0, names_v[g])
      ; arraybase := arraybase + (getval(tree[name + t_op2])  $\ll$  2)
      }
    else
      skip
  ; g := g + 1
  }
}

```

```

proc decllocals(val x) is
var op;
{ op := tree[x + t_op]
; if op = s_null
  then
    skip
  else
    if op = s_semicolon
    then
      { decllocals(tree[x + t_op1])
      ; decllocals(tree[x + t_op2])
      }
    else
      if op = s_var
      then
        { addname(x, stackp)
        ; stackp := stackp + 1
        }
      else
        if op = s_val
        then
          { tree[x + t_op2] := optimiseexpr(tree[x + t_op2])
          ; if isval(tree[x + t_op2])
            then
              addname(x, getval(tree[x + t_op2]))
            else
              generror("constant expression expected")
          }
        else
          skip
        }
}

```

```

proc addname(val x, val v) is
{ names_d[namep] := x
; names_v[namep] := v
; namep := namep + 1
}

```

```

func findname(val x) is
  var n;
  var found;
  { found := false
  ; n := namep - 1
  ; while (found = false)  $\wedge$  (n  $\geq$  0) do
      if tree[names_d[n] + t_op1] = x
      then
          found := true
      else
          n := n - 1
  ; if found
  then
      skip
  else
      { namemessage("name not declared ", x)
      ; namemessage("in function", tree[procdef + t_op1])
      }
  ; return n
  }

func islocal(val n) is
  return n  $\geq$  nameb

```

```

proc optimise(val x) is
var op;
{ op := tree[x + t_op]
; if (op = s_skip) ∨ (op = s_stop)
  then
    skip
  else
    if op = s_return
    then
      tree[x + t_op1] := optimiseexpr(tree[x + t_op1])
    else
      if op = s_if
      then
        { tree[x + t_op1] := optimiseexpr(tree[x + t_op1])
        ; optimise(tree[x + t_op2])
        ; optimise(tree[x + t_op3])
        }
      else
        if op = s_while
        then
          { tree[x + t_op1] := optimiseexpr(tree[x + t_op1])
          ; optimise(tree[x + t_op2])
          }
        else
          if op = s_ass
          then
            { tree[x + t_op2] := optimiseexpr(tree[x + t_op2])
            ; tree[x + t_op1] := optimiseexpr(tree[x + t_op1])
            }
          else
            if op = s_pcall
            then
              { tree[x + t_op2] := optimiseexpr(tree[x + t_op2])
              ; tree[x + t_op1] := optimiseexpr(tree[x + t_op1])
              }
            else
              if op = s_semicolon
              then
                { optimise(tree[x + t_op1])
                ; optimise(tree[x + t_op2])
                }
              else
                skip
            }
        }

```

```

func optimiseexpr(val x) is
var op;
var name;
var r;
var temp;
var left;
var right;
var leftop;
var rightop;
{ r := x
; op := tree[x + t_op]
; if op = s_name
then
{ name := findname(x)
; if tree[names_d[name] + t_op] = s_val
then
r := tree[names_d[name] + t_op2]
else
skip
}
else
if monadic(op)
then
{ tree[x + t_op1] := optimiseexpr(tree[x + t_op1])
; if isval(tree[x + t_op1])
then
{ tree[x + t_op1] := evalmonadic(x)
; tree[x + t_op] := s_number
}
else
skip
}
else
if op = s_fncall
then
{ tree[x + t_op2] := optimiseexpr(tree[x + t_op2])
; tree[x + t_op1] := optimiseexpr(tree[x + t_op1])
}
else
if diadic(op)
then
{ tree[x + t_op2] := optimiseexpr(tree[x + t_op2])
; tree[x + t_op1] := optimiseexpr(tree[x + t_op1])
; left := tree[x + t_op1]
; right := tree[x + t_op2]
; leftop := tree[left + t_op]
; rightop := tree[right + t_op]
; if op = s_sub

```

```

then
  skip
else
  if isval(left) ∧ isval(right)
  then
    { tree[x + t_op1] := evaldiadic(x)
    ; tree[x + t_op] := s_number
    }
  else
    if op = s_eq
    then
      if (leftop = s_not) ∧ (rightop = s_not)
      then
        { tree[x + t_op1] := tree[left + t_op1]
        ; tree[x + t_op2] := tree[right + t_op1]
        }
      else
        skip
    else
      if op = s_ne
      then
        { tree[x + t_op] := s_eq
        ; r := cons2(s_not, x)
        ; if (leftop = s_not) ∧ (rightop = s_not)
        then
          { tree[x + t_op1] := tree[left + t_op1]
          ; tree[x + t_op2] := tree[right + t_op1]
          }
        else
          skip
        }
      else
        if op = s_ge
        then
          { tree[x + t_op] := s_ls
          ; r := cons2(s_not, x)
          }
        else
          if op = s_gr
          then
            { temp := tree[x + t_op1]
            ; tree[x + t_op1] := tree[x + t_op2]
            ; tree[x + t_op2] := temp
            ; tree[x + t_op] := s_ls
            }
          else
            if op = s_le
            then
              { temp := tree[x + t_op1]

```

```

; tree[x + t_op1] := tree[x + t_op2]
; tree[x + t_op2] := temp
; tree[x + t_op] := s_ls
; r := cons2(s_not, x)
}
else
if (op = s_or) ∨ (op = s_and)
then
  if (leftop = s_not) ∧ (rightop = s_not)
  then
    { r := cons2(s_not, x)
    ; if tree[x + t_op] = s_and
    then
      tree[x + t_op] := s_or
    else
      tree[x + t_op] := s_and
    ; tree[x + t_op1] := tree[left + t_op1]
    ; tree[x + t_op2] := tree[right + t_op1]
    }
  else
    skip
else
if op = s_xor
then
  if (leftop = s_not) ∧ (rightop = s_not)
  then
    { tree[x + t_op1] := tree[left + t_op1]
    ; tree[x + t_op2] := tree[right + t_op1]
    }
  else
    skip
else
if ((op = s_plus) ∨ (op = s_or) ∨ (op = s_xor)) ∧ (iszero(tree[x + t_op1]) ∨ iszero(tree[x + t_op2]))
then
  if iszero(tree[x + t_op1])
  then
    r := tree[x + t_op2]
  else
    if iszero(tree[x + t_op2])
    then
      r := tree[x + t_op1]
    else
      skip
else
if ((op = s_minus) ∨ (op = s_lshift) ∨ (op = s_rshift)) ∧ iszero(tree[x + t_op2])
then
  r := tree[x + t_op1]
else
  skip

```

```

    }
    else
    if  $op = s\_comma$ 
    then
    {  $tree[x + t\_op2] := optimiseexpr(tree[x + t\_op2])$ 
    ;  $tree[x + t\_op1] := optimiseexpr(tree[x + t\_op1])$ 
    }
    else
    skip
; return  $r$ 
}

func isval(val  $x$ ) is
var  $op$ ;
{  $op := tree[x + t\_op]$ 
; return  $(op = s\_true) \vee (op = s\_false) \vee (op = s\_number)$ 
}

func getval(val  $x$ ) is
var  $op$ ;
{  $op := tree[x + t\_op]$ 
; if  $op = s\_true$ 
then
return  $-1$ 
else
if  $op = s\_false$ 
then
return  $0$ 
else
if  $op = s\_number$ 
then
return  $tree[x + t\_op1]$ 
else
return  $0$ 
}

```

```

func evalmonadic(val x) is
var op;
var opd;
{ op := tree[x + t_op]
; opd := getval(tree[x + t_op1])
; if op = s_neg
  then
    return − opd
  else
    if op = s_not
    then
      return ~ opd
    else
      { generror(“compiler error”)
      ; return 0
      }
}

```

```

func evaldiadic(val x) is
var op;
var left;
var right;
{ op := tree[x + t_op]
; left := getval(tree[x + t_op1])
; right := getval(tree[x + t_op2])
; if op = s_plus
  then
    return left + right
  else
    if op = s_minus
      then
        return left - right
      else
        if op = s_mult
          then
            return left × right
          else
            if op = s_eq
              then
                return left = right
              else
                if op = s_ne
                  then
                    return left ≠ right
                  else
                    if op = s_ls
                      then
                        return left < right
                      else
                        if op = s_gr
                          then
                            return left > right
                          else
                            if op = s_le
                              then
                                return left ≤ right
                              else
                                if op = s_ge
                                  then
                                    return left ≥ right
                                  else
                                    if op = s_or
                                      then
                                        return left ∨ right
                                      else
                                        if op = s_and

```

```

then
  return left  $\wedge$  right
else
  if op = s_xor
  then
    return left  $\neq$  right
  else
    if op = s_lshift
    then
      return left  $\ll$  right
    else
      if op = s_rshift
      then
        return left  $\gg$  right
      else
        { cmperror("optimise error")
        ; return 0
        }
}

```

```

proc translate(val t) is
var s;
var dlab;
var mainlab;
{ namep := 0
; nameb := 0
; labelcount := 1
; initlabels()
; initbuffer()
; arrayspace := 0
; stk_init()
; declglobals(tree[t + t_op1])
; tglobals(tree[t + t_op1])
; declprocs(tree[t + t_op2])
; nameb := namep
; mainlab := getlabel()
; gencall(mainlab, true, 0, false)
; genli(i_svc, 0)
; setlab(mainlab)
; genprocs(tree[t + t_op2])
; endblock(0)
; flushbuffer()
}

```

```

proc genprocs(val x) is
  var body;
  var savetreep;
  var pn;
  if tree[x + t_op] = s_semicolon
  then
    { genprocs(tree[x + t_op1])
      ; genprocs(tree[x + t_op2])
    }
  else
    { savetreep := treep
      ; namep := nameb
      ; pn := findname(tree[x + t_op1])
      ; proclabel := names_v[pn]
      ; procdef := names_d[pn]
      ; body := tree[x + t_op3]
      ; stk_init()
      ; declformals(tree[x + t_op2])
      ; genentry()
      ; stackp := 0
      ; tformals(tree[x + t_op2])
      ; decllocals(tree[body + t_op1])
      ; setstack()
      ; optimise(tree[body + t_op2])
      ; genstatement(tree[body + t_op2], true, 0, true)
      ; genexit()
      ; treep := savetreep
    }

func funtail(val tail) is
  return (tree[procdef + t_op] = s_func) ∧ tail

```

```

proc genstatement(val x, val seq, val clab, val tail) is
var op;
var op1;
var lab;
var thenpart;
var elsepart;
var elselab;
{ op := tree[x + t_op]
; if op = s_semicolon
  then
    { genstatement(tree[x + t_op1], true, 0, false)
    ; genstatement(tree[x + t_op2], seq, clab, tail)
    }
  else
    if (op = s_if) ∧ (clab = 0)
    then
      { lab := getlabel()
      ; genstatement(x, true, lab, tail)
      ; setlab(lab)
      }
    else
      if op = s_if
      then
        { thenpart := tree[x + t_op2]
        ; elsepart := tree[x + t_op3]
        ; if (¬ funtail(tail)) ∧ ((tree[thenpart + t_op] = s_skip) ∨ (tree[elsepart + t_op] = s_skip))
        then
          { gencondjump(tree[x + t_op1], tree[thenpart + t_op] = s_skip, clab)
          ; if tree[thenpart + t_op] = s_skip
          then
            genstatement(elsepart, seq, clab, tail)
          else
            genstatement(thenpart, seq, clab, tail)
          }
        else
          { elselab := getlabel()
          ; gencondjump(tree[x + t_op1], false, elselab)
          ; genstatement(thenpart, false, clab, tail)
          ; setlab(elselab)
          ; genstatement(elsepart, seq, clab, tail)
          }
        }
      }
    }
  }
else
  if funtail(tail)
  then
    if op = s_return
    then
      { op1 := tree[x + t_op1]

```

```

; if tree[op1 + t_op] = s_fncall
  then
    tcall(op1, seq, clab, tail)
  else
    { texp(0, tree[x + t_op1])
      ; genbr(seq, clab)
    }
  }
else
  generror("\return\ expected")
else
if (op = s_while) ∧ (clab = 0)
then
{ lab := getlabel()
; genstatement(x, false, lab, false)
; setlab(lab)
}
else
if op = s_while
then
{ lab := getlabel()
; setlab(lab)
; gencondjump(tree[x + t_op1], false, clab)
; genstatement(tree[x + t_op2], false, lab, false)
}
else
if op = s_pcall
then
  tcall(x, seq, clab, tail)
else
if op = s_stop
then
  genli(i_svc, 0)
else
{ if op = s_skip
  then
    skip
  else
    if op = s_ass
    then
      genassign(tree[x + t_op1], tree[x + t_op2])
    else
      if op = s_return
      then
        generror("misplaced \return\")
      else
        skip
; genbr(seq, clab)
}

```

}

```

proc gencondjump(val x, val f, val label) is
var cond;
var op;
var cx;
{ cx := x
; cond := f
; op := tree[x + t_op]
; if op = s_not
  then
    { cond := ~ cond
    ; cx := tree[x + t_op1]
    }
  else
    skip
; if tree[cx + t_op] = s_ls
  then
    { texp2(s_minus, 0, tree[cx + t_op1], tree[cx + t_op2])
    ; if cond
      then
        gencbr(i_blt, label)
      else
        gencbr(i_bge, label)
    }
  else
    { if tree[cx + t_op] = s_eq
      then
        { if iszero(tree[cx + t_op1])
          then
            tbexp(0, tree[cx + t_op2])
          else
            if iszero(tree[cx + t_op2])
            then
              tbexp(0, tree[cx + t_op1])
            else
              texp2(s_minus, 0, tree[cx + t_op1], tree[cx + t_op2])
          ; cond := ~ cond
        }
      else
        tbexp(0, cx)
    ; if cond
      then
        gencbr(i_bne, label)
      else
        gencbr(i_beq, label)
    }
}

```

```

proc tcall(val x, val seq, val clab, val tail) is

```

```

var sp;
var entry;
var def;
{ sp := stackp
; prepareaps(tree[x + t_op2])
; setstack()
; stackp := sp
; loadaps(tree[x + t_op2])
; if isval(tree[x + t_op1])
  then
    gen1i(i_svc, getval(tree[x + t_op1]))
  else
    { entry := findname(tree[x + t_op1])
    ; def := names_d[entry]
    ; if islocal(entry)
      then
        { gen2i(i_ldrspi, 6, names_v[entry])
        ; gen1(i_bl, 6)
        }
      else
        { checkps(tree[def + t_op2], tree[x + t_op2])
        ; gencall(names_v[entry], seq, clab, tail)
        }
    }
; stackp := sp
}

```

```

proc prepareaps(val aplist) is
var x;
var reg;
{ x := aplist
; reg := 0
; while tree[x + t_op] = s_comma do
  { prepareap(reg, tree[x + t_op1])
  ; x := tree[x + t_op2]
  ; reg := reg + 1
  }
; prepareap(reg, x)
}

```

```

proc prepareap(val reg, val x) is
var op;
var vn;
{ op := tree[x + t_op]
; if op = s_null
  then
    skip
  else
    if (reg > 0) ∧ (containscall(x) ∨ (regsfor(x) > (7 − reg)))
    then
      { txp(0, x)
      ; gen2i(i_strspi, 0, stackp)
      ; stackp := stackp + 1
      }
    else
      skip
  }
}

```

```

proc loadaps(val aplist) is
var x;
var reg;
{ x := aplist
; reg := 0
; while tree[x + t_op] = s_comma do
  { loadap(reg, tree[x + t_op1])
  ; x := tree[x + t_op2]
  ; reg := reg + 1
  }
; loadap(reg, x)
}

```

```

proc loadap(val reg, val x) is
var op;
var vn;
var aptype;
{ op := tree[x + t_op]
; if op = s_null
then
    skip
else
    if op = s_name
    then
        { vn := findname(x)
        ; aptype := tree[names_d[vn] + t_op]
        ; if aptype = s_val
        then
            loadconst(reg, names_v[vn])
        else
            if (aptype = s_proc)  $\vee$  (aptype = s_func)
            then
                loadproc(reg, vn)
            else
                loadvar(reg, vn)
        }
    }
else
if (reg > 0)  $\wedge$  (containscall(x)  $\vee$  (regsfor(x) > (7 - reg)))
then
{ gen2i(i_ldrsp, reg, stackp)
; stackp := stackp + 1
}
else
    texp(reg, x)
}

```

```

proc checkps(val alist, val flist) is
  var ax;
  var fx;
  { while tree[fx + t_op] = s_comma do
      if tree[ax + t_op] = s_comma
      then
        { checkp(tree[ax + t_op1], tree[fx + t_op1])
          ; fx := tree[fx + t_op2]
          ; ax := tree[ax + t_op2]
          }
        else
          cmperror("parameter mismatch")
      ; checkp(ax, fx)
    }

```

```

proc checkp(val a, val f) is
  if tree[f + t_op] = s_null
  then
    skip
  else
    if tree[f + t_op] = s_val
    then
      skip
    else
      if tree[f + t_op] = s_array
      then
        skip
      else
        if tree[f + t_op] = s_proc
        then
          skip
        else
          skip

```

```

func iszero(val x) is
  return isval(x) ∧ (getval(x) = 0)

```

```

func immop5(val x) is
  var value;
  { value := getval(x)
    ; return isval(x) ∧ (value ≥ 0) ∧ (value < 32)
  }

```

```

func immop8(val x) is
var value;
{ value := getval(x)
; return isval(x)  $\wedge$  (value  $\geq$  0)  $\wedge$  (value < 256)
}

```

```

func regsfor(val x) is
var op;
var rleft;
var rright;
{ op := tree[x + t_op]
; if monadic(op)
then
    return regsfor(tree[x + t_op1])
else
    if diadic(op)
    then
        { rleft := regsfor(tree[x + t_op1])
        ; rright := regsfor(tree[x + t_op2])
        ; if rleft = rright
        then
            return 1 + rleft
        else
            if rleft > rright
            then
                return rleft
            else
                return rright
        }
    else
        return 1
}

```

```

func containscall(val x) is
var op;
{ op := tree[x + t_op]
; if monadic(op)
  then
    return containscall(tree[x + t_op1])
  else
    if diadic(op)  $\vee$  (op = s_comma)
    then
      return containscall(tree[x + t_op1])  $\vee$  containscall(tree[x + t_op2])
    else
      if op = s_fncall
      then
        return true
      else
        return false
}

```

```

proc loadbase(val reg, val base) is
var name;
var def;
  if isval(base)
  then
    loadconst(reg, getval(base))
  else
    { name := findname(base)
    ; def := names_d[name]
    ; if tree[def + t_op] = s_array
    then
      loadvar(reg, name)
    else
      namemessage("array expected", tree[def + t_op1])
    }
}

```

```

proc genassign(val left, val right) is
var sp;
var leftop;
var name;
var base;
var offset;
var value;
{ leftop := tree[left + t_op]
; if leftop = s_name
  then
    { name := findname(left)
    ; texp(0, right)
    ; storevar(0, name)
    }
  else
    { base := tree[left + t_op1]
    ; offset := tree[left + t_op2]
    ; if isval(offset)
      then
        { value := getval(offset)
        ; if value < 32
          then
            { texp(0, right)
            ; loadbase(1, base)
            ; gen3i(i_str3i, 0, 1, value)
            }
          else
            { texp(0, right)
            ; loadbase(1, base)
            ; loadconst(2, value << 2)
            ; gen3(i_str3, 0, 1, 2)
            }
          }
      }
    }
else
if containscall(right)
then
{ if containscall(offset)
  then
    { sp := stackp
    ; texp(0, offset)
    ; stackp := stackp + 1
    ; setstack()
    ; gen2i(i_strspi, 0, sp)
    ; texp(0, right)
    ; gen2i(i_ldrspi, 1, sp)
    ; stackp := sp
    }
  else

```

```

        { txp(0, right)
        ; txp(1, offset)
        }
; subassign(0, base, 1)
}
else
if containscall(offset)
then
{ txp(0, offset)
; txp(1, right)
; subassign(1, base, 0)
}
else
if regsfor(right) > regsfor(offset)
then
{ txp(0, right)
; txp(1, offset)
; subassign(0, base, 1)
}
else
{ txp(0, offset)
; txp(1, right)
; subassign(1, base, 0)
}
}
}

```

```

proc subassign(val source, val base, val sub) is
{ loadbase(2, base)
; gen3i(i_lsl3i, sub, sub, 2)
; gen3(i_str3, source, 2, sub)
}

```

```

proc texp(val reg, val x) is
var op;
var name;
{ op := tree[x + t_op]
; texp(reg, x)
; if op = s_name
  then
    { name := findname(x)
    ; if tree[names_d[name] + t_op] = s_var
      then
        gen2i(i_add2i, reg, 0)
      else
        skip
    }
  else
    if op = s_sub
    then
      gen2i(i_add2i, reg, 0)
    else
      skip
    }
}

```

```

proc texp(val reg, val x) is
var op;
var left;
var right;
var offs;
var value;
var def;
{ op := tree[x + t_op]
; if isval(x)
  then
    { value := getval(x)
    ; loadconst(reg, value)
    }
  else
    if op = s_name
    then
      { left := findname(x)
      ; def := names_d[left]
      ; if tree[def + t_op] = s_val
        then
          loadconst(reg, names_v[left])
        else
          if tree[def + t_op] = s_var
          then
            loadvar(reg, left)
          else
            skip
        }
      else
        if op = s_string
        then
          genstring(reg, x)
        else
          if op = s_neg
          then
            { texp(reg, tree[x + t_op1])
            ; gen2(i_neg2, reg, reg)
            }
          else
            if op = s_not
            then
              { left := tree[x + t_op1]
              ; if tree[left + t_op] = s_eq
                then
                  { texp(s_minus, reg, tree[left + t_op1], tree[left + t_op2])
                  ; gen1i(i_beg, 0)
                  ; gen2i(i_mov2i, reg, 1)
                  ; gen2(i_neg2, reg, reg)
                }
            }

```

```

    }
    else
    { txp(reg, tree[x + t_op1])
    ; gen2(i_mvn2, reg, reg)
    }
}
else
if op = s_sub
then
{ left := tree[x + t_op1]
; def := names_d[left]
; if isval(tree[x + t_op2])
then
{ loadbase(reg, left)
; value := getval(tree[x + t_op2])
; if value < 32
then
    gen3i(i_ldr3i, reg, reg, value)
else
    { loadconst(reg + 1, value << 2)
    ; gen3(i_ldr3, reg, reg, reg + 1)
    }
}
else
if containscall(tree[x + t_op2])
then
{ txp(0, tree[x + t_op2])
; gen3i(i_lsl3i, 0, 0, 2)
; loadbase(1, left)
; gen3(i_ldr3, 0, 1, 0)
}
else
{ loadbase(reg, left)
; txp(reg + 1, tree[x + t_op2])
; gen3i(i_lsl3i, reg + 1, reg + 1, 2)
; gen3(i_ldr3, reg, reg, reg + 1)
}
}
else
if op = s_fncall
then
    tcall(x, true, 0, false)
else
if op = s_ls
then
{ txp2(s_minus, reg, tree[x + t_op1], tree[x + t_op2])
; gen3i(i_asr3i, reg, reg, 31)
}
else

```

```

if  $op = s\_eq$ 
then
{  $texp2(s\_minus, reg, tree[x + t\_op1], tree[x + t\_op2])$ 
;  $gen1i(i\_beq, 0)$ 
;  $gen2i(i\_mov2i, reg, 1)$ 
;  $gen2i(i\_sub2i, reg, 1)$ 
}
else
     $texp2(op, reg, tree[x + t\_op1], tree[x + t\_op2])$ 
}

```

```

proc texp2(val op, val reg, val left, val right) is
var sp;
  if (op = s_plus)  $\wedge$  immop8(left)
  then
    { texp(reg, right)
    ; genopimm(op, reg, getval(left))
    }
  else
    if ((op = s_plus)  $\vee$  (op = s_minus))  $\wedge$  immop8(right)
    then
      { texp(reg, left)
      ; genopimm(op, reg, getval(right))
      }
    else
      if ((op = s_lshift)  $\vee$  (op = s_rshift))  $\wedge$  immop5(right)
      then
        { texp(reg, left)
        ; genopimm(op, reg, getval(right))
        }
      else
        if containscall(right)
        then
          if containscall(left)
          then
            { sp := stackp
            ; texp(0, right)
            ; stackp := stackp + 1
            ; setstack()
            ; gen2i(i_strspi, 0, sp)
            ; texp(0, left)
            ; gen2i(i_ldrspi, 1, sp)
            ; genop(op, 0, 1)
            ; stackp := sp
            }
          else
            { texp(0, right)
            ; if (op = s_lshift)  $\vee$  (op = s_rshift)
              then
                { gen3i(i_lsl3i, 6, 0, 0)
                ; texp(0, left)
                ; genop(op, 0, 6)
                }
              else
                { texp(1, left)
                ; if op = s_minus
                  then
                    gen3(i_sub3, 0, 1, 0)
                  else

```

```

        genop(op, 0, 1)
    }
}
else
if containscall(left)
then
{   texp(0, left)
;   texp(1, right)
;   genop(op, 0, 1)
}
else
if (op = s_lshift)  $\vee$  (op = s_rshift)
then
{   texp(reg, left)
;   texp(reg + 1, right)
;   genop(op, reg, reg + 1)
}
else
if regsfor(left) > regsfor(right)
then
{   texp(reg, left)
;   texp(reg + 1, right)
;   genop(op, reg, reg + 1)
}
else
{   texp(reg, right)
;   texp(reg + 1, left)
;   if op = s_minus
       then
           gen3(i_sub3, reg, reg + 1, reg)
       else
           genop(op, reg, reg + 1)
}

```

```

proc genop(val op, val dreg, val sreg) is
  if op = s_plus
  then
    gen3(i_add3, dreg, dreg, sreg)
  else
    if op = s_minus
    then
      gen3(i_sub3, dreg, dreg, sreg)
    else
      if op = s_mult
      then
        gen2(i_mul2, dreg, sreg)
      else
        if op = s_and
        then
          gen2(i_and2, dreg, sreg)
        else
          if op = s_or
          then
            gen2(i_orr2, dreg, sreg)
          else
            if op = s_xor
            then
              gen2(i_eor2, dreg, sreg)
            else
              if op = s_lshift
              then
                gen2(i_lsl2, dreg, sreg)
              else
                if op = s_rshift
                then
                  gen2(i_lsr2, dreg, sreg)
                else
                  skip

```

```

proc genopimm(val op, val reg, val v) is
  if op = s_plus
  then
    gen2i(i_add2i, reg, v)
  else
    if op = s_minus
    then
      gen2i(i_sub2i, reg, v)
    else
      if op = s_lshift
      then
        gen3i(i_lsl3i, reg, reg, v)
      else
        if op = s_rshift
        then
          gen3i(i_lsr3i, reg, reg, v)
        else
          skip

```

```

proc stk_init() is
{ stackp := 0
; stk_max := 0
}

```

```

proc setstack() is
  if stk_max < stackp
  then
    stk_max := stackp
  else
    skip

```

```

proc loadconst(val reg, val value) is
var v;
var shift;
  if value  $\geq$  0
  then
    if value < 256
    then
      gen2i(i_mov2i, reg, value)
    else
      { v := value
      ; shift := 0
      ; while (v  $\wedge$  1) = 0 do
        { v := v  $\gg$  1
        ; shift := shift + 1
        }
      ; if v < 256
      then
        { gen2i(i_mov2i, reg, v)
        ; gen3i(i_lsl3i, reg, reg, shift)
        }
      else
        genconst(reg, value)
      }
    else
      if value > (- 256)
      then
        { gen2i(i_mov2i, reg, - value)
        ; gen2(i_neg2, reg, reg)
        }
      else
        genconst(reg, value)

proc loadproc(val reg, val vn) is
  if islocal(vn)
  then
    loadvar(reg, vn)
  else
    genpref(reg, names_v[vn])

```

```

proc loadvar(val reg, val vn) is
var offs;
{ offs := names_v[vn]
; if islocal(vn)
  then
    gen2i(i_ldrspl, reg, offs)
  else
    if offs < 32
    then
      gen3i(i_ldr3i, reg, 7, offs)
    else
      { loadconst(reg, offs << 2)
      ; gen3(i_ldr3, reg, 7, reg)
      }
    }
}

```

```

proc storevar(val reg, val vn) is
var offs;
{ offs := names_v[vn]
; if islocal(vn)
  then
    gen2i(i_strspi, reg, offs)
  else
    if offs < 32
    then
      gen3i(i_str3i, reg, 7, offs)
    else
      { loadconst(reg + 1, offs << 2)
      ; gen3(i_str3, reg, 7, reg + 1)
      }
    }
}

```

```

func monadic(val op) is
  return (op = s_not) ∨ (op = s_neg)

```

```

func diadic(val op) is
  return (op ∧ s_diadic) ≠ 0

```

```

proc gen3i(val op, val rd, val rm, val imm) is
  geni((op << 11) ∨ (imm << 6) ∨ (rm << 3) ∨ rd)

```

```

proc gen3(val op, val rd, val rm, val rn) is
  geni((op << 9) ∨ (rn << 6) ∨ (rm << 3) ∨ rd)

```

```

proc gen2(val op, val rd, val rm) is
  geni(((op ∨ 256) << 6) ∨ (rm << 3) ∨ rd)

```

```

proc gen2i(val op, val rd, val imm) is
  geni((op << 11) ∨ (rd << 8) ∨ imm)

proc gensetsp(val rm) is
  geni((i_setsp << 7) ∨ (rm << 3) ∨ 5)

proc gen1i(val op, val imm) is
  geni((op << 8) ∨ imm)

proc gen1(val op, val rm) is
  geni((op << 7) ∨ (rm << 3))

proc geni(val i) is
  gen(cbf_inst, 0, i)

proc gencbr(val i, val lab) is
  if labval[lab] = 0
  then
    gen(cbf_cbrfwd, i, lab)
  else
    gen(cbf_cbrback, i, lab)

proc genbr(val seq, val lab) is
  if seq
  then
    skip
  else
    { if labval[lab] = 0
      then
        gen(cbf_br fwd, 0, lab)
      else
        gen(cbf_brback, 0, lab)
      ; endblock(400)
    }

proc gencall(val lab, val seq, val clab, val tail) is
  if tail ∧ (lab = proclabel)
  then
    gen(cbf_tcall, 0, lab)
  else
    { gen(cbf_call, 0, lab)
      ; genbr(seq, clab)
    }

```

```

proc genconst(val reg, val n) is
var i;
var cp;
var found;
{ startblock()
; found := false
; i := constb
; while (i < constp) ∧ (found = false) do
    if consts[i] = n
    then
    { found := true
    ; cp := i
    }
    else
    i := i + 1
; if found
then
skip
else
{ consts[constp] := n
; cp := constp
; constp := constp + 1
}
; gen(cbf_const, (i_ldrpci << 3) ∨ reg, cp)
}

```

```

proc genstring(val reg, val x) is
var i;
var sp;
{ startblock()
; sp := stringp
; i := 0
; while i ≤ ((tree[x + 1] ∧ 255) >> 2) do
    { strings[stringp] := tree[x + i + 1]
    ; stringp := stringp + 1
    ; i := i + 1
    }
; gen(cbf_string, (i_addpci << 3) ∨ reg, sp)
}

```

```

proc genpref(val reg, val lab) is
{ gen(cbf_prog, reg, constp)
; consts[constp] := lab
; constp := constp + 1
}

```

```

proc gen(val t, val h, val l) is
{  cb_loadpoint := cb_loadpoint + 1
;  codebuffer[cb_bufferp] := (t << 28) ∨ (h << 16) ∨ l
;  cb_bufferp := cb_bufferp + 1
;  if cb_bufferp = cb_size
    then
        genererror("code buffer overflow")
    else
        skip
}

```

```

proc initlabels() is
var l;
{  l := 0
;  while l < labval_size do
    {  labval[l] := 0
    ;  l := l + 1
    }
}

```

```

func getlabel() is
{  if labelcount < labval_size
    then
        labelcount := labelcount + 1
    else
        genererror("too many labels")
;  return labelcount
}

```

```

proc setlab(val l) is
{  labval[l] := cb_loadpoint
;  gen(cbf_lab, 0, l)
}

```

```

proc genentry() is
{  cb_entryinstp := cb_bufferp
;  labval[proclabel] := cb_loadpoint
;  gen(cbf_entry, 0, proclabel)
}

```

```

proc genexit() is
{  cb_sethigh(cb_entryinstp, stk_max)
;  gen(cbf_exit, stk_max, 0)
;  endblock(300)
}

```

```

proc initbuffer() is
{ cb_loadpoint := 0
; cb_loadbase := 0
; constp := 0
; constb := 0
; stringp := 0
; stringb := 0
; cb_bufferp := 0
; cb_blockstart := 0
; inblock := false
}

```

```

proc startblock() is
  if inblock
  then
    skip
  else
    { cb_loadbase := cb_loadpoint
    ; constb := constp
    ; stringb := stringp
    ; cb_blockstart := cb_bufferp
    ; gen(cbf_blkstrt, 0, 0)
    ; inblock := true
    }
  }

```

```

proc endblock(val n) is
var codelength;
var constlength;
var stringlength;
{ codelength := cb_loadpoint - cb_loadbase
; constlength := constp - constb
; stringlength := stringp - stringb
; if inblock  $\wedge$  ((codelength + ((constlength + stringlength)  $\ll$  1)) > n)
then
  { cb_sethigh(cb_blockstart, codelength)
  ; cb_setlow(cb_blockstart, (constlength  $\ll$  8)  $\vee$  stringlength)
  ; gen(cbf_blkend, 0, 0)
  ; inblock := false
  }
else
  skip
}

```

```

proc cb_setflag(val p, val f) is
  codebuffer[p] := (codebuffer[p]  $\wedge$  FFFFFFFF16)  $\vee$  (f  $\ll$  28)

```

```

func cb_flag(val p) is
  return codebuffer[p]  $\gg$  28

proc cb_sethigh(val p, val f) is
  codebuffer[p] := (codebuffer[p]  $\wedge$  F000FFFF16)  $\vee$  (f  $\ll$  16)

func cb_high(val p) is
  return (codebuffer[p]  $\gg$  16)  $\wedge$  FFF16

proc cb_setlow(val p, val f) is
  codebuffer[p] := (codebuffer[p]  $\wedge$  FFFF000016)  $\vee$  f

func cb_low(val p) is
  return codebuffer[p]  $\wedge$  FFFF16

func cb_rlength(val offset) is
  if (offset > (−127))  $\wedge$  (offset < 128)
  then
    return 1
  else
    return 1 + brlength(offset − 1)

func brlength(val offset) is
  if (offset > (−1023))  $\wedge$  (offset < 1023)
  then
    return 1
  else
    return 2

func cb_entrylen(val p) is
  if cb_high(p) = 0
  then
    return 1
  else
    return 2

func cb_laboffset(val p) is
  return labval[cb_low(p)] − (cb_loadpoint + 2)

```

```

proc expand() is
var bufferp;
var offset;
var entrysize;
var flag;
{ bufferp := 0
; while bufferp < cb.bufferp do
  { flag := cb.flag(bufferp)
  ; if flag = cbf_entry
    then
      { labval[cb_low(bufferp)] := cb.loadpoint
      ; entrysize := cb.entrylen(bufferp)
      ; cb.loadpoint := cb.loadpoint + entrysize
      }
    else
      if flag = cbf_exit
      then
        cb.loadpoint := cb.loadpoint + entrysize
      else
        if flag = cbf_inst
        then
          cb.loadpoint := cb.loadpoint + 1
        else
          if flag = cbf_blkstrt
          then
            { cb.loadbase := cb.loadpoint
            ; cb.conststart := cb.loadpoint + cb.high(bufferp)
            ; cb.stringstart := cb.conststart + ((cb_low(bufferp) >> 8) << 1)
            ; cb.blockstart := bufferp
            }
          else
            if flag = cbf_blkend
            then
              { if (cb.loadpoint ∧ 1) = 0
              then
                skip
              else
                cb.loadpoint := cb.loadpoint + 1
              }
            ; if (cb.loadpoint - cb.loadbase) = cb.high(cb.blockstart)
            then
              skip
            else
              cb.sethigh(cb.blockstart, cb.loadpoint - cb.loadbase)
            ; cb.loadpoint := cb.loadpoint + (((cb_low(cb.blockstart) >> 8) + (cb_low(cb.blockstart) ∧ FF16))
            }
          else
            if flag = cbf_lab
            then

```

```

    labval[cb_low(bufferp)] := cb_loadpoint
else
if flag = cbf_cbrback
then
{ offset := cb_laboffset(bufferp)
; cb_loadpoint := cb_loadpoint + cbrlength(offset)
}
else
if flag = cbf_cbrfwd
then
{ offset := cb_laboffset(bufferp)
; if offset > 0
then
    cb_loadpoint := cb_loadpoint + cbrlength(offset)
else
    cb_loadpoint := cb_loadpoint + 1
}
else
if flag = cbf_brback
then
{ offset := cb_laboffset(bufferp)
; cb_loadpoint := cb_loadpoint + brlength(offset)
}
else
if flag = cbf_brfwd
then
{ offset := cb_laboffset(bufferp)
; if offset > 0
then
    cb_loadpoint := cb_loadpoint + brlength(offset)
else
    cb_loadpoint := cb_loadpoint + 1
}
else
if flag = cbf_tcall
then
{ offset := (labval[cb_low(bufferp)] + entrysize) - (cb_loadpoint + 2)
; cb_loadpoint := cb_loadpoint + brlength(offset)
}
else
if flag = cbf_call
then
    cb_loadpoint := cb_loadpoint + 2
else
if flag = cbf_prog
then
    cb_loadpoint := cb_loadpoint + 3
else
if (flag = cbf_const) ∨ (flag = cbf_string)

```

```

then
    cb_loadpoint := cb_loadpoint + 1
else
    cmperror("code buffer error")
; bufferp := bufferp + 1
}
}

```

```

proc flushbuffer() is
var bufferp;
var last;
var offset;
var entrysize;
var flag;
{ cb_loadpoint := 0
; last := 0
; expand()
; while cb_loadpoint ≠ last do
{ last := cb_loadpoint
; cb_loadpoint := 0
; expand()
}
; codesize := cb_loadpoint
; outhdr()
; constb := 0
; stringb := 0
; bufferp := 0
; cb_loadpoint := 0
; while bufferp < cb_bufferp do
{ flag := cb_flag(bufferp)
; if flag = cbf_entry
then
{ outbin(i_pushl ≪ 8)
; entrysize := cb_entrylen(bufferp)
; if entrysize = 1
then
skip
else
outbin((i_decspi ≪ 7) ∨ cb_high(bufferp))
; cb_loadpoint := cb_loadpoint + entrysize
}
else
if flag = cbf_exit
then
{ if entrysize = 1
then
skip
else
outbin((i_incspl ≪ 7) ∨ cb_high(bufferp))
; cb_loadpoint := cb_loadpoint + entrysize
; outbin(i_popl ≪ 8)
}
else
if flag = cbf_inst
then
{ outbin(cb_low(bufferp))

```

```

;  $cb\_loadpoint := cb\_loadpoint + 1$ 
}
else
if  $flag = cbf\_blkstrt$ 
then
{  $cb\_conststart := cb\_loadpoint + cb\_high(bufferp)$ 
;  $cb\_stringstart := cb\_conststart + ((cb\_low(bufferp) \gg 8) \ll 1)$ 
;  $cb\_blockstart := bufferp$ 
}
else
if  $flag = cbf\_blkend$ 
then
{ if  $(cb\_loadpoint \wedge 1) = 0$ 
then
skip
else
{  $cb\_loadpoint := cb\_loadpoint + 1$ 
;  $out2i(i\_add2i, 0, 0)$ 
}
;  $outconsts(cb\_low(cb\_blockstart) \gg 8)$ 
;  $outstrings(cb\_low(cb\_blockstart) \wedge FF_{16})$ 
;  $cb\_loadpoint := cb\_loadpoint + (((cb\_low(cb\_blockstart) \gg 8) + (cb\_low(cb\_blockstart) \wedge FF_{16}))$ 
}
else
if  $flag = cbf\_lab$ 
then
skip
else
if  $(flag = cbf\_cbrfwd) \vee (flag = cbf\_cbrback)$ 
then
{  $offset := cb\_laboffset(bufferp)$ 
;  $outcbr(cb\_high(bufferp), offset)$ 
;  $cb\_loadpoint := cb\_loadpoint + cbrlength(offset)$ 
}
else
if  $(flag = cbf\_brfwd) \vee (flag = cbf\_brback)$ 
then
{  $offset := cb\_laboffset(bufferp)$ 
;  $outbr(offset)$ 
;  $cb\_loadpoint := cb\_loadpoint + brlength(offset)$ 
}
else
if  $flag = cbf\_tcall$ 
then
{  $offset := (labval[cb\_low(bufferp)] + entrysize) - (cb\_loadpoint + 2)$ 
;  $outbr(offset)$ 
;  $cb\_loadpoint := cb\_loadpoint + brlength(offset)$ 
}
else

```

```

if flag = cbf_call
then
{ offset := labval[cb_low(bufferp)] - (cb_loadpoint + 2)
; outcall(offset)
; cb_loadpoint := cb_loadpoint + 2
}
else
if flag = cbf_prog
then
{ offset := ((cb_conststart  $\gg$  1) + (cb_low(bufferp) - constb)) - ((cb_loadpoint + 2)  $\gg$  1)
; outoffs(cb_high(bufferp), offset, cb_low(bufferp))
; cb_loadpoint := cb_loadpoint + 3
}
else
if flag = cbf_const
then
{ offset := ((cb_conststart  $\gg$  1) + (cb_low(bufferp) - constb)) - ((cb_loadpoint + 2)  $\gg$  1)
; outcref(cb_high(bufferp), offset)
; cb_loadpoint := cb_loadpoint + 1
}
else
if flag = cbf_string
then
{ offset := ((cb_stringstart  $\gg$  1) + (cb_low(bufferp) - stringb)) - ((cb_loadpoint + 2)  $\gg$  1)
; outcref(cb_high(bufferp), offset)
; cb_loadpoint := cb_loadpoint + 1
}
else
skip
; bufferp := bufferp + 1
}
}

```

```

proc outcbr(val inst, val offset) is
if (offset > (-127))  $\wedge$  (offset < 128)
then
outbin((inst  $\ll$  8)  $\vee$  (offset  $\wedge$  FF16))
else
{ outbin((invert(inst)  $\ll$  8)  $\vee$  (brlength(offset) - 1))
; outbr(offset - 1)
}

```

```

func invert(val inst) is
  if inst = i_beq
  then
    return i_bne
  else
    if inst = i_bne
    then
      return i_beq
    else
      if inst = i_blt
      then
        return i_bge
      else
        return i_blt

proc outbr(val offset) is
  if (offset > (- 1023)) ∧ (offset < 1023)
  then
    outbin((i_bu ≪ 11) ∨ (offset ∧ 7FF16))
  else
    outcall(offset)

proc outcall(val offset) is
{ outbin((i_bl1 ≪ 11) ∨ ((offset ≫ 11) ∧ 7FF16))
; outbin((i_bl2 ≪ 11) ∨ (offset ∧ 7FF16))
}

proc outoffs(val reg, val offset, val c) is
var poffs;
{ if (cb_loadpoint ∧ 1) = 0
  then
    poffs := cb_loadpoint + 2
  else
    poffs := cb_loadpoint + 3
; consts[c] := (labval[consts[c]] - poffs) ≪ 1
; outcref((i_ldrpci ≪ 3) ∨ reg, offset)
; out2i(i_addpci, 6, 0)
; out3(i_add3, reg, reg, 6)
}

proc outcref(val inst, val offset) is
  outbin((inst ≪ 8) ∨ offset)

proc out3(val op, val rd, val rm, val rn) is
  outbin((op ≪ 9) ∨ (rn ≪ 6) ∨ (rm ≪ 3) ∨ rd)

```

```

proc out2i(val op, val rd, val imm) is
  outbin((op << 11) ∨ (rd << 8) ∨ imm)

```

```

proc outconsts(val n) is
  var count;
  { count := 0
  ; while count < n do
    { outbin(consts[constb + count] ∧ 65535)
    ; outbin(consts[constb + count] >> 16)
    ; count := count + 1
    }
  ; constb := constb + n
  }

```

```

proc outstrings(val n) is
  var count;
  { count := 0
  ; while count < n do
    { outbin(strings[stringb + count] ∧ 65535)
    ; outbin(strings[stringb + count] >> 16)
    ; count := count + 1
    }
  ; stringb := stringb + n
  }

```

```

proc outbin(val d) is
  { selectoutput(binstream)
  ; putval(d ∧ 255)
  ; putval(d >> 8)
  ; selectoutput(messagestream)
  }

```

```

proc outhdr() is
  var w;
  { w := cb_loadpoint >> 1
  ; outbin(w ∧ 65535)
  ; outbin(w >> 16)
  }

```